

IELTS and JLPT Master Practice Pack - 1000 Questions

Format: concise study notes + 30/60/90 day plans + 1000 original practice questions + full answer key.

Scope: 500 IELTS questions (Listening, Reading, Writing, Speaking) and 500 JLPT questions (N5 to N1, 100 each).

Note: This pack is for structured practice. It is not an official test paper and does not claim to predict exact future questions.

Study Notes

IELTS Core Focus

- Listening: follow the order of information and catch numbers, dates, spelling, and contrast markers.
- Reading: skim for gist, scan for detail, and watch for paraphrase instead of exact word matches.
- Writing Task 1: paraphrase, write an overview, then compare the most important features.
- Writing Task 2: take a clear position, support it with two ideas, and use examples.
- Speaking: answer directly, explain why, and add a relevant example.

JLPT Core Focus

- N5-N4: automate kana, particles, polite forms, and basic daily vocabulary.
- N3: strengthen linking grammar, reading speed, and listening for final key information.
- N2: improve nuance, longer passage handling, and business-style phrasing.
- N1: practice abstract logic, formal reading, and subtle meaning differences.
- Across all levels: review mistakes by pattern, not only by score.

Fast Test Strategy

- Do not freeze on one difficult question. Make the best choice and move on.
- Keep an error log with the reason for every mistake.
- Redo wrong questions after 2 days and again after 7 days.

30 / 60 / 90 Day Study Plans

30 Day Plan

- Daily 60 minutes IELTS: 15 vocab, 15 grammar, 15 reading/listening, 15 writing/speaking.
- Daily 60 minutes JLPT: 15 kana/kanji/vocab, 15 grammar, 15 reading, 15 listening.
- Weekly goal: one IELTS mini-mock, one JLPT mini-mock, and one error-log review.

60 Day Plan

- Daily 90 minutes IELTS and 90 minutes JLPT with stricter timing and more output practice.
- Weeks 1-2 build foundations, weeks 3-6 drill weak skills, weeks 7-8 mix timed sets.
- Weekly goal: two timed drills, one progress review, one vocabulary consolidation session.

90 Day Plan

- Daily 120 minutes IELTS and 120 minutes JLPT for deeper coverage and exam stamina.
- Phase 1 builds accuracy, phase 2 builds speed, phase 3 focuses on mocks and polishing.
- Weekly goal: one long simulation, one speaking/writing review, and one listening-intensive day.

Practice Questions

IELTS Questions 1-500

IELTS Listening (Questions 1-125)

1. The workshop moved from 8:00 to 8:10. The student arrives at 8:05. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
2. The course fee is \$40 and the materials cost \$5. What is the total cost? A. 40 B. 45 C. 50 D. 55
3. The speaker says, "Please go to Room A100." Which room is correct? A. B100 B. A100 C. A101 D. C110

4. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Monday 9 a.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Monday 9 a.m. B. Monday 9 a.m. C. the next day at 9 a.m. D. one week later at 9 a.m.
5. The speaker says, "I was worried about parking, but the final arrangement was clearer than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
6. The workshop moved from 9:00 to 9:15. The student arrives at 9:12. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
7. The course fee is \$42 and the materials cost \$8. What is the total cost? A. 45 B. 50 C. 55 D. 60
8. The speaker says, "Please go to Room B107." Which room is correct? A. C107 B. B107 C. B108 D. D117
9. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Tuesday noon." When is the deadline? A. before Tuesday noon B. Tuesday noon C. the next day at noon D. one week later at noon
10. The speaker says, "I was worried about noise, but the final arrangement was better than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
11. The workshop moved from 10:00 to 10:20. The student arrives at 10:18. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
12. The course fee is \$44 and the materials cost \$11. What is the total cost? A. 50 B. 55 C. 60 D. 65
13. The speaker says, "Please go to Room C114." Which room is correct? A. D114 B. C114 C. C115 D. A124
14. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Wednesday 3 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Wednesday 3 p.m. B. Wednesday 3 p.m. C. the next day at 3 p.m. D. one week later at 3 p.m.
15. The speaker says, "I was worried about cost, but the final arrangement was lower than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
16. The workshop moved from 11:00 to 11:30. The student arrives at 11:25. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
17. The course fee is \$46 and the materials cost \$14. What is the total cost? A. 55 B. 60 C. 65 D. 70
18. The speaker says, "Please go to Room D121." Which room is correct? A. A121 B. D121 C. D122 D. B131
19. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Thursday 5 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Thursday 5 p.m. B. Thursday 5 p.m. C. the next day at 5 p.m. D. one week later at 5 p.m.
20. The speaker says, "I was worried about timing, but the final arrangement was faster than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
21. The workshop moved from 8:00 to 8:45. The student arrives at 8:35. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
22. The course fee is \$48 and the materials cost \$17. What is the total cost? A. 60 B. 65 C. 70 D. 75
23. The speaker says, "Please go to Room A128." Which room is correct? A. B128 B. A128 C. A129 D. C138
24. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Friday midnight." When is the deadline? A. before Friday midnight B. Friday midnight C. the next day at midnight D. one week later at midnight
25. The speaker says, "I was worried about internet access, but the final arrangement was more reliable than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
26. The workshop moved from 9:00 to 9:10. The student arrives at 9:05. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
27. The course fee is \$50 and the materials cost \$20. What is the total cost? A. 65 B. 70 C. 75 D. 80
28. The speaker says, "Please go to Room B135." Which room is correct? A. C135 B. B135 C. B136 D. D145
29. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Monday 9 a.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Monday 9 a.m. B. Monday 9 a.m. C. the next day at 9 a.m. D. one week later at 9 a.m.
30. The speaker says, "I was worried about parking, but the final arrangement was clearer than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
31. The workshop moved from 10:00 to 10:15. The student arrives at 10:12. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
32. The course fee is \$52 and the materials cost \$5. What is the total cost? A. 52 B. 57 C. 62 D. 67
33. The speaker says, "Please go to Room C142." Which room is correct? A. D142 B. C142 C. C143 D. A152
34. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Tuesday noon." When is the deadline? A. before Tuesday noon B. Tuesday noon C. the next day at noon D. one week later at noon
35. The speaker says, "I was worried about noise, but the final arrangement was better than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged

36. The workshop moved from 11:00 to 11:20. The student arrives at 11:18. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
37. The course fee is \$54 and the materials cost \$8. What is the total cost? A. 57 B. 62 C. 67 D. 72
38. The speaker says, "Please go to Room D149." Which room is correct? A. A149 B. D149 C. D150 D. B159
39. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Wednesday 3 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Wednesday 3 p.m. B. Wednesday 3 p.m. C. the next day at 3 p.m. D. one week later at 3 p.m.
40. The speaker says, "I was worried about cost, but the final arrangement was lower than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
41. The workshop moved from 8:00 to 8:30. The student arrives at 8:25. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
42. The course fee is \$56 and the materials cost \$11. What is the total cost? A. 62 B. 67 C. 72 D. 77
43. The speaker says, "Please go to Room A156." Which room is correct? A. B156 B. A156 C. A157 D. C166
44. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Thursday 5 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Thursday 5 p.m. B. Thursday 5 p.m. C. the next day at 5 p.m. D. one week later at 5 p.m.
45. The speaker says, "I was worried about timing, but the final arrangement was faster than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
46. The workshop moved from 9:00 to 9:45. The student arrives at 9:35. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
47. The course fee is \$58 and the materials cost \$14. What is the total cost? A. 67 B. 72 C. 77 D. 82
48. The speaker says, "Please go to Room B163." Which room is correct? A. C163 B. B163 C. B164 D. D173
49. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Friday midnight." When is the deadline? A. before Friday midnight B. Friday midnight C. the next day at midnight D. one week later at midnight
50. The speaker says, "I was worried about internet access, but the final arrangement was more reliable than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
51. The workshop moved from 10:00 to 10:10. The student arrives at 10:05. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
52. The course fee is \$60 and the materials cost \$17. What is the total cost? A. 72 B. 77 C. 82 D. 87
53. The speaker says, "Please go to Room C170." Which room is correct? A. D170 B. C170 C. C171 D. A180
54. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Monday 9 a.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Monday 9 a.m. B. Monday 9 a.m. C. the next day at 9 a.m. D. one week later at 9 a.m.
55. The speaker says, "I was worried about parking, but the final arrangement was clearer than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
56. The workshop moved from 11:00 to 11:15. The student arrives at 11:12. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
57. The course fee is \$62 and the materials cost \$20. What is the total cost? A. 77 B. 82 C. 87 D. 92
58. The speaker says, "Please go to Room D177." Which room is correct? A. A177 B. D177 C. D178 D. B187
59. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Tuesday noon." When is the deadline? A. before Tuesday noon B. Tuesday noon C. the next day at noon D. one week later at noon
60. The speaker says, "I was worried about noise, but the final arrangement was better than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
61. The workshop moved from 8:00 to 8:20. The student arrives at 8:18. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
62. The course fee is \$64 and the materials cost \$5. What is the total cost? A. 64 B. 69 C. 74 D. 79
63. The speaker says, "Please go to Room A184." Which room is correct? A. B184 B. A184 C. A185 D. C194
64. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Wednesday 3 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Wednesday 3 p.m. B. Wednesday 3 p.m. C. the next day at 3 p.m. D. one week later at 3 p.m.
65. The speaker says, "I was worried about cost, but the final arrangement was lower than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
66. The workshop moved from 9:00 to 9:30. The student arrives at 9:25. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
67. The course fee is \$66 and the materials cost \$8. What is the total cost? A. 69 B. 74 C. 79 D. 84
68. The speaker says, "Please go to Room B191." Which room is correct? A. C191 B. B191 C. B192 D. D201

69. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Thursday 5 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Thursday 5 p.m. B. Thursday 5 p.m. C. the next day at 5 p.m. D. one week later at 5 p.m.
70. The speaker says, "I was worried about timing, but the final arrangement was faster than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
71. The workshop moved from 10:00 to 10:45. The student arrives at 10:35. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
72. The course fee is \$68 and the materials cost \$11. What is the total cost? A. 74 B. 79 C. 84 D. 89
73. The speaker says, "Please go to Room C198." Which room is correct? A. D198 B. C198 C. C199 D. A208
74. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Friday midnight." When is the deadline? A. before Friday midnight B. Friday midnight C. the next day at midnight D. one week later at midnight
75. The speaker says, "I was worried about internet access, but the final arrangement was more reliable than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
76. The workshop moved from 11:00 to 11:10. The student arrives at 11:05. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
77. The course fee is \$70 and the materials cost \$14. What is the total cost? A. 79 B. 84 C. 89 D. 94
78. The speaker says, "Please go to Room D205." Which room is correct? A. A205 B. D205 C. D206 D. B215
79. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Monday 9 a.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Monday 9 a.m. B. Monday 9 a.m. C. the next day at 9 a.m. D. one week later at 9 a.m.
80. The speaker says, "I was worried about parking, but the final arrangement was clearer than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
81. The workshop moved from 8:00 to 8:15. The student arrives at 8:12. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
82. The course fee is \$72 and the materials cost \$17. What is the total cost? A. 84 B. 89 C. 94 D. 99
83. The speaker says, "Please go to Room A212." Which room is correct? A. B212 B. A212 C. A213 D. C222
84. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Tuesday noon." When is the deadline? A. before Tuesday noon B. Tuesday noon C. the next day at noon D. one week later at noon
85. The speaker says, "I was worried about noise, but the final arrangement was better than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
86. The workshop moved from 9:00 to 9:20. The student arrives at 9:18. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
87. The course fee is \$74 and the materials cost \$20. What is the total cost? A. 89 B. 94 C. 99 D. 104
88. The speaker says, "Please go to Room B219." Which room is correct? A. C219 B. B219 C. B220 D. D229
89. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Wednesday 3 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Wednesday 3 p.m. B. Wednesday 3 p.m. C. the next day at 3 p.m. D. one week later at 3 p.m.
90. The speaker says, "I was worried about cost, but the final arrangement was lower than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
91. The workshop moved from 10:00 to 10:30. The student arrives at 10:25. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
92. The course fee is \$76 and the materials cost \$5. What is the total cost? A. 76 B. 81 C. 86 D. 91
93. The speaker says, "Please go to Room C226." Which room is correct? A. D226 B. C226 C. C227 D. A236
94. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Thursday 5 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Thursday 5 p.m. B. Thursday 5 p.m. C. the next day at 5 p.m. D. one week later at 5 p.m.
95. The speaker says, "I was worried about timing, but the final arrangement was faster than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
96. The workshop moved from 11:00 to 11:45. The student arrives at 11:35. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
97. The course fee is \$78 and the materials cost \$8. What is the total cost? A. 81 B. 86 C. 91 D. 96
98. The speaker says, "Please go to Room D233." Which room is correct? A. A233 B. D233 C. D234 D. B243
99. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Friday midnight." When is the deadline? A. before Friday midnight B. Friday midnight C. the next day at midnight D. one week later at midnight
100. The speaker says, "I was worried about internet access, but the final arrangement was more reliable than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged

101. The workshop moved from 8:00 to 8:10. The student arrives at 8:05. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
102. The course fee is \$80 and the materials cost \$11. What is the total cost? A. 86 B. 91 C. 96 D. 101
103. The speaker says, "Please go to Room A240." Which room is correct? A. B240 B. A240 C. A241 D. C250
104. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Monday 9 a.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Monday 9 a.m. B. Monday 9 a.m. C. the next day at 9 a.m. D. one week later at 9 a.m.
105. The speaker says, "I was worried about parking, but the final arrangement was clearer than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
106. The workshop moved from 9:00 to 9:15. The student arrives at 9:12. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
107. The course fee is \$82 and the materials cost \$14. What is the total cost? A. 91 B. 96 C. 101 D. 106
108. The speaker says, "Please go to Room B247." Which room is correct? A. C247 B. B247 C. B248 D. D257
109. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Tuesday noon." When is the deadline? A. before Tuesday noon B. Tuesday noon C. the next day at noon D. one week later at noon
110. The speaker says, "I was worried about noise, but the final arrangement was better than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
111. The workshop moved from 10:00 to 10:20. The student arrives at 10:18. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
112. The course fee is \$84 and the materials cost \$17. What is the total cost? A. 96 B. 101 C. 106 D. 111
113. The speaker says, "Please go to Room C254." Which room is correct? A. D254 B. C254 C. C255 D. A264
114. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Wednesday 3 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Wednesday 3 p.m. B. Wednesday 3 p.m. C. the next day at 3 p.m. D. one week later at 3 p.m.
115. The speaker says, "I was worried about cost, but the final arrangement was lower than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
116. The workshop moved from 11:00 to 11:30. The student arrives at 11:25. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
117. The course fee is \$86 and the materials cost \$20. What is the total cost? A. 101 B. 106 C. 111 D. 116
118. The speaker says, "Please go to Room D261." Which room is correct? A. A261 B. D261 C. D262 D. B271
119. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Thursday 5 p.m.." When is the deadline? A. before Thursday 5 p.m. B. Thursday 5 p.m. C. the next day at 5 p.m. D. one week later at 5 p.m.
120. The speaker says, "I was worried about timing, but the final arrangement was faster than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged
121. The workshop moved from 8:00 to 8:45. The student arrives at 8:35. The student is A. early B. late C. exactly on time D. unable to tell
122. The course fee is \$88 and the materials cost \$5. What is the total cost? A. 88 B. 93 C. 98 D. 103
123. The speaker says, "Please go to Room A268." Which room is correct? A. B268 B. A268 C. A269 D. C278
124. The instructions say, "Submit the form by Friday midnight." When is the deadline? A. before Friday midnight B. Friday midnight C. the next day at midnight D. one week later at midnight
125. The speaker says, "I was worried about internet access, but the final arrangement was more reliable than expected." How does the speaker feel now? A. relieved B. angry C. completely confused D. unchanged

IELTS Reading (Questions 126-250)

126. A short article says that urban parks can reduce heat and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Urban parks create only problems B. Urban parks have at least one public benefit C. Urban parks are always too expensive D. Urban parks should be banned
127. In an academic passage, the word "mitigate" is closest in meaning to A. increase B. reduce C. ignore D. copy
128. A report says City X has 100 thousand residents and City Y has 70 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
129. The text states that because of server outage, the deadline was extended. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
130. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty

131. A short article says that public transport can cut congestion and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Public transport creates only problems B. Public transport has at least one public benefit C. Public transport is always too expensive D. Public transport should be banned
132. In an academic passage, the word "plateau" is closest in meaning to A. fall sharply B. remain stable C. double suddenly D. disappear
133. A report says City X has 108 thousand residents and City Y has 75 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
134. The text states that because of heavy rain, the event started late. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
135. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
136. A short article says that remote work can save commuting time and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Remote work creates only problems B. Remote work has at least one public benefit C. Remote work is always too expensive D. Remote work should be banned
137. In an academic passage, the word "tentative" is closest in meaning to A. already proven B. not fully certain C. impossible D. angry
138. A report says City X has 116 thousand residents and City Y has 80 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
139. The text states that because of staff shortage, service slowed down. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
140. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
141. A short article says that solar power can lower emissions and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Solar power creates only problems B. Solar power has at least one public benefit C. Solar power is always too expensive D. Solar power should be banned
142. In an academic passage, the word "decline" is closest in meaning to A. fall B. expand C. predict D. compare
143. A report says City X has 124 thousand residents and City Y has 85 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
144. The text states that because of late delivery, the project changed. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
145. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
146. A short article says that recycling can reduce waste and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Recycling creates only problems B. Recycling has at least one public benefit C. Recycling is always too expensive D. Recycling should be banned
147. In an academic passage, the word "significant" is closest in meaning to A. minor B. unclear C. important D. accidental
148. A report says City X has 132 thousand residents and City Y has 90 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
149. The text states that because of budget cuts, the plan was revised. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
150. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
151. A short article says that urban parks can reduce heat and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Urban parks create only problems B. Urban parks have at least one public benefit C. Urban parks are always too expensive D. Urban parks should be banned
152. In an academic passage, the word "mitigate" is closest in meaning to A. increase B. reduce C. ignore D. copy
153. A report says City X has 140 thousand residents and City Y has 95 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
154. The text states that because of server outage, the deadline was extended. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
155. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty

156. A short article says that public transport can cut congestion and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Public transport creates only problems B. Public transport has at least one public benefit C. Public transport is always too expensive D. Public transport should be banned
157. In an academic passage, the word "plateau" is closest in meaning to A. fall sharply B. remain stable C. double suddenly D. disappear
158. A report says City X has 148 thousand residents and City Y has 100 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
159. The text states that because of heavy rain, the event started late. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
160. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
161. A short article says that remote work can save commuting time and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Remote work creates only problems B. Remote work has at least one public benefit C. Remote work is always too expensive D. Remote work should be banned
162. In an academic passage, the word "tentative" is closest in meaning to A. already proven B. not fully certain C. impossible D. angry
163. A report says City X has 156 thousand residents and City Y has 105 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
164. The text states that because of staff shortage, service slowed down. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
165. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
166. A short article says that solar power can lower emissions and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Solar power creates only problems B. Solar power has at least one public benefit C. Solar power is always too expensive D. Solar power should be banned
167. In an academic passage, the word "decline" is closest in meaning to A. fall B. expand C. predict D. compare
168. A report says City X has 164 thousand residents and City Y has 110 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
169. The text states that because of late delivery, the project changed. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
170. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
171. A short article says that recycling can reduce waste and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Recycling creates only problems B. Recycling has at least one public benefit C. Recycling is always too expensive D. Recycling should be banned
172. In an academic passage, the word "significant" is closest in meaning to A. minor B. unclear C. important D. accidental
173. A report says City X has 172 thousand residents and City Y has 115 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
174. The text states that because of budget cuts, the plan was revised. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
175. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
176. A short article says that urban parks can reduce heat and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Urban parks create only problems B. Urban parks have at least one public benefit C. Urban parks are always too expensive D. Urban parks should be banned
177. In an academic passage, the word "mitigate" is closest in meaning to A. increase B. reduce C. ignore D. copy
178. A report says City X has 180 thousand residents and City Y has 120 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
179. The text states that because of server outage, the deadline was extended. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
180. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty

181. A short article says that public transport can cut congestion and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Public transport creates only problems B. Public transport has at least one public benefit C. Public transport is always too expensive D. Public transport should be banned
182. In an academic passage, the word "plateau" is closest in meaning to A. fall sharply B. remain stable C. double suddenly D. disappear
183. A report says City X has 188 thousand residents and City Y has 125 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
184. The text states that because of heavy rain, the event started late. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
185. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
186. A short article says that remote work can save commuting time and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Remote work creates only problems B. Remote work has at least one public benefit C. Remote work is always too expensive D. Remote work should be banned
187. In an academic passage, the word "tentative" is closest in meaning to A. already proven B. not fully certain C. impossible D. angry
188. A report says City X has 196 thousand residents and City Y has 130 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
189. The text states that because of staff shortage, service slowed down. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
190. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
191. A short article says that solar power can lower emissions and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Solar power creates only problems B. Solar power has at least one public benefit C. Solar power is always too expensive D. Solar power should be banned
192. In an academic passage, the word "decline" is closest in meaning to A. fall B. expand C. predict D. compare
193. A report says City X has 204 thousand residents and City Y has 135 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
194. The text states that because of late delivery, the project changed. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
195. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
196. A short article says that recycling can reduce waste and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Recycling creates only problems B. Recycling has at least one public benefit C. Recycling is always too expensive D. Recycling should be banned
197. In an academic passage, the word "significant" is closest in meaning to A. minor B. unclear C. important D. accidental
198. A report says City X has 212 thousand residents and City Y has 140 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
199. The text states that because of budget cuts, the plan was revised. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
200. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
201. A short article says that urban parks can reduce heat and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Urban parks create only problems B. Urban parks have at least one public benefit C. Urban parks are always too expensive D. Urban parks should be banned
202. In an academic passage, the word "mitigate" is closest in meaning to A. increase B. reduce C. ignore D. copy
203. A report says City X has 220 thousand residents and City Y has 145 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
204. The text states that because of server outage, the deadline was extended. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
205. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty

206. A short article says that public transport can cut congestion and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Public transport creates only problems B. Public transport has at least one public benefit C. Public transport is always too expensive D. Public transport should be banned
207. In an academic passage, the word "plateau" is closest in meaning to A. fall sharply B. remain stable C. double suddenly D. disappear
208. A report says City X has 228 thousand residents and City Y has 150 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
209. The text states that because of heavy rain, the event started late. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
210. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
211. A short article says that remote work can save commuting time and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Remote work creates only problems B. Remote work has at least one public benefit C. Remote work is always too expensive D. Remote work should be banned
212. In an academic passage, the word "tentative" is closest in meaning to A. already proven B. not fully certain C. impossible D. angry
213. A report says City X has 236 thousand residents and City Y has 155 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
214. The text states that because of staff shortage, service slowed down. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
215. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
216. A short article says that solar power can lower emissions and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Solar power creates only problems B. Solar power has at least one public benefit C. Solar power is always too expensive D. Solar power should be banned
217. In an academic passage, the word "decline" is closest in meaning to A. fall B. expand C. predict D. compare
218. A report says City X has 244 thousand residents and City Y has 160 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
219. The text states that because of late delivery, the project changed. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
220. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
221. A short article says that recycling can reduce waste and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Recycling creates only problems B. Recycling has at least one public benefit C. Recycling is always too expensive D. Recycling should be banned
222. In an academic passage, the word "significant" is closest in meaning to A. minor B. unclear C. important D. accidental
223. A report says City X has 252 thousand residents and City Y has 165 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
224. The text states that because of budget cuts, the plan was revised. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
225. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
226. A short article says that urban parks can reduce heat and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Urban parks create only problems B. Urban parks have at least one public benefit C. Urban parks are always too expensive D. Urban parks should be banned
227. In an academic passage, the word "mitigate" is closest in meaning to A. increase B. reduce C. ignore D. copy
228. A report says City X has 260 thousand residents and City Y has 170 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
229. The text states that because of server outage, the deadline was extended. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
230. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty

231. A short article says that public transport can cut congestion and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Public transport creates only problems B. Public transport has at least one public benefit C. Public transport is always too expensive D. Public transport should be banned
232. In an academic passage, the word "plateau" is closest in meaning to A. fall sharply B. remain stable C. double suddenly D. disappear
233. A report says City X has 268 thousand residents and City Y has 175 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
234. The text states that because of heavy rain, the event started late. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
235. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
236. A short article says that remote work can save commuting time and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Remote work creates only problems B. Remote work has at least one public benefit C. Remote work is always too expensive D. Remote work should be banned
237. In an academic passage, the word "tentative" is closest in meaning to A. already proven B. not fully certain C. impossible D. angry
238. A report says City X has 276 thousand residents and City Y has 180 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
239. The text states that because of staff shortage, service slowed down. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
240. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
241. A short article says that solar power can lower emissions and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Solar power creates only problems B. Solar power has at least one public benefit C. Solar power is always too expensive D. Solar power should be banned
242. In an academic passage, the word "decline" is closest in meaning to A. fall B. expand C. predict D. compare
243. A report says City X has 284 thousand residents and City Y has 185 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
244. The text states that because of late delivery, the project changed. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
245. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty
246. A short article says that recycling can reduce waste and improve quality of life. What is the main idea? A. Recycling creates only problems B. Recycling has at least one public benefit C. Recycling is always too expensive D. Recycling should be banned
247. In an academic passage, the word "significant" is closest in meaning to A. minor B. unclear C. important D. accidental
248. A report says City X has 292 thousand residents and City Y has 190 thousand. Which statement is correct? A. City Y is larger than City X B. City X is larger than City Y C. Both cities are the same size D. No comparison can be made
249. The text states that because of budget cuts, the plan was revised. What does this show? A. a cause-and-effect relationship B. a personal opinion only C. an impossible comparison D. an unrelated example
250. A passage says, "Demand fell despite lower prices." What does "despite" signal? A. result B. contrast C. sequence D. certainty

IELTS Writing (Questions 251-375)

251. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list
252. Which linker is best for contrast in a formal essay? A. therefore B. however C. for example D. moreover
253. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
254. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The number of applicants increase rapidly. B. The number of applicants increased rapidly. C. The number of applicants were increase rapidly. D. The number of applicants increasing rapidly.
255. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation

256. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list
257. Which linker is best for contrast in a formal essay? A. therefore B. however C. for example D. moreover
258. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
259. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The amount of traffic increase rapidly. B. The amount of traffic increased rapidly. C. The amount of traffic were increase rapidly. D. The amount of traffic increasing rapidly.
260. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation
261. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list
262. Which linker is best for contrast in a formal essay? A. therefore B. however C. for example D. moreover
263. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
264. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The rate of growth increase rapidly. B. The rate of growth increased rapidly. C. The rate of growth were increase rapidly. D. The rate of growth increasing rapidly.
265. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation
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268. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
269. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The level of demand increase rapidly. B. The level of demand increased rapidly. C. The level of demand were increase rapidly. D. The level of demand increasing rapidly.
270. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation
271. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list
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273. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
274. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The percentage of users increase rapidly. B. The percentage of users increased rapidly. C. The percentage of users were increase rapidly. D. The percentage of users increasing rapidly.
275. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation
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278. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
279. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The number of applicants increase rapidly. B. The number of applicants increased rapidly. C. The number of applicants were increase rapidly. D. The number of applicants increasing rapidly.
280. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation
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283. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.

284. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The amount of traffic increase rapidly. B. The amount of traffic increased rapidly. C. The amount of traffic were increase rapidly. D. The amount of traffic increasing rapidly.

285. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation

286. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list

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288. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.

289. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The rate of growth increase rapidly. B. The rate of growth increased rapidly. C. The rate of growth were increase rapidly. D. The rate of growth increasing rapidly.

290. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation

291. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list

292. Which linker is best for contrast in a formal essay? A. therefore B. however C. for example D. moreover

293. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.

294. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The level of demand increase rapidly. B. The level of demand increased rapidly. C. The level of demand were increase rapidly. D. The level of demand increasing rapidly.

295. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation

296. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list

297. Which linker is best for contrast in a formal essay? A. therefore B. however C. for example D. moreover

298. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.

299. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The percentage of users increase rapidly. B. The percentage of users increased rapidly. C. The percentage of users were increase rapidly. D. The percentage of users increasing rapidly.

300. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation

301. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list

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303. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.

304. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The number of applicants increase rapidly. B. The number of applicants increased rapidly. C. The number of applicants were increase rapidly. D. The number of applicants increasing rapidly.

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306. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list

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309. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The amount of traffic increase rapidly. B. The amount of traffic increased rapidly. C. The amount of traffic were increase rapidly. D. The amount of traffic increasing rapidly.
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319. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The level of demand increase rapidly. B. The level of demand increased rapidly. C. The level of demand were increase rapidly. D. The level of demand increasing rapidly.
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322. Which linker is best for contrast in a formal essay? A. therefore B. however C. for example D. moreover
323. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
324. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The percentage of users increase rapidly. B. The percentage of users increased rapidly. C. The percentage of users were increase rapidly. D. The percentage of users increasing rapidly.
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332. Which linker is best for contrast in a formal essay? A. therefore B. however C. for example D. moreover
333. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
334. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The amount of traffic increase rapidly. B. The amount of traffic increased rapidly. C. The amount of traffic were increase rapidly. D. The amount of traffic increasing rapidly.

335. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back
B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation
336. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list
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339. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The rate of growth increase rapidly. B. The rate of growth increased rapidly. C. The rate of growth were increase rapidly. D. The rate of growth increasing rapidly.
340. What is the strongest order for a clear body paragraph in Task 2? A. topic sentence -> explanation -> example -> link back
B. example -> title -> random fact -> conclusion C. conclusion -> thesis -> joke -> example D. statistics only with no explanation
341. In IELTS Academic Writing Task 1, which element is essential after the introduction? A. a personal opinion B. an overview of the main trends C. a quotation from the chart D. a bullet list
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343. Which sentence is the most formal and appropriate for Task 2? A. This topic is super interesting to me. B. Governments should invest more in public transport because it can reduce congestion and pollution. C. I will write some things about transport. D. There are many many problems nowadays.
344. Choose the grammatically correct sentence. A. The level of demand increase rapidly. B. The level of demand increased rapidly. C. The level of demand were increase rapidly. D. The level of demand increasing rapidly.
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IELTS Speaking (Questions 376-500)

376. For the question "Do you enjoy reading?", which answer is best? A. Yes. B. Yes, especially in my free time, because reading helps me relax and learn new things. For example, I usually do it on weekends. C. Reading. D. Sometimes no yes maybe.
377. If you need a short moment to think during the speaking test, what is the best strategy? A. stay silent for a long time B. say "Let me think for a moment" and continue C. switch to your first language D. ask the examiner to answer for you
378. If you make a small grammar mistake while speaking, what should you do? A. correct yourself naturally and continue B. stop the test C. repeat the entire answer from the start D. apologize for a long time
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380. If the topic is unfamiliar, what is the safest response? A. stay silent B. give a simple honest view and relate it to something similar C. invent random facts with no logic D. refuse to answer
381. For the question "Do you enjoy travelling?", which answer is best? A. Yes. B. Yes, especially in my free time, because travelling helps me relax and learn new things. For example, I usually do it on weekends. C. Travelling. D. Sometimes no yes maybe.
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494. What usually makes an IELTS speaking answer stronger? A. one-word replies B. a clear answer, a reason, and a specific example C. memorizing a script and forcing it into every topic D. speaking as fast as possible
495. If the topic is unfamiliar, what is the safest response? A. stay silent B. give a simple honest view and relate it to something similar C. invent random facts with no logic D. refuse to answer
496. For the question "Do you enjoy cooking?", which answer is best? A. Yes. B. Yes, especially in my free time, because cooking helps me relax and learn new things. For example, I usually do it on weekends. C. Cooking. D. Sometimes no yes maybe.
497. If you need a short moment to think during the speaking test, what is the best strategy? A. stay silent for a long time B. say "Let me think for a moment" and continue C. switch to your first language D. ask the examiner to answer for you
498. If you make a small grammar mistake while speaking, what should you do? A. correct yourself naturally and continue B. stop the test C. repeat the entire answer from the start D. apologize for a long time
499. What usually makes an IELTS speaking answer stronger? A. one-word replies B. a clear answer, a reason, and a specific example C. memorizing a script and forcing it into every topic D. speaking as fast as possible
500. If the topic is unfamiliar, what is the safest response? A. stay silent B. give a simple honest view and relate it to something similar C. invent random facts with no logic D. refuse to answer

JLPT Questions 501-1000

JLPT N5 (Questions 501-600)

501. 学生のよみかたはどれですか。 A. がくしょう B. がくせい C. がっせい D. がくせ
502. わたし___ インドネシアじんです。 A. を B. が C. は D. に
503. 「すしを たべたいです」の いみ は どれですか。 A. I ate sushi. B. I want to eat sushi. C. I can make sushi. D. I will buy sushi.
504. 「雨ですから、かさを ___。」に いちばん いい もの は どれですか。 A. もっていきます B. ききます C. あらいます D. わかります
505. 「ねこは いすの したに います」の いみ は どれですか。 A. The cat is on the chair. B. The cat is under the chair. C. The chair is on the cat. D. There is no cat.
506. 先生のよみかたはどれですか。 A. せんせ B. せいせい C. せんせい D. せんしょう
507. まいにち 7 じ ___ おきます。 A. を B. に C. へ D. が
508. 「ここで しゃしんを とっても いい ですか」の いみ は どれですか。 A. Please take this photo. B. May I take photos here? C. I took photos here. D. I cannot take photos here.
509. 「学校へ 行きません」の いみ は どれですか。 A. I go to school. B. I went to school. C. I do not go to school. D. I want to go to school.
510. 「ねこは いすの したに います」の いみ は どれですか。 A. The cat is on the chair. B. The cat is under the chair. C. The chair is on the cat. D. There is no cat.
511. 日本のよみかたはどれですか。 A. にほん B. にっぽんご C. にほんご D. にぽん

512. パン___ たべます。 A. を B. が C. に D. で
513. 「大きい」の いみ は どれですか。 A. small B. big C. slow D. old
514. 「やすみのひに こうえんへ いきます」の いみ は どれですか。 A. I will go to the park on my day off. B. I went to school yesterday. C. I do not like parks. D. The park is closed.
515. 「ねこは いすの したに います」の いみ は どれですか。 A. The cat is on the chair. B. The cat is under the chair. C. The chair is on the cat. D. There is no cat.
516. 友達 の よみかた は どれですか。 A. ともだち B. ともたち C. ゆうだち D. ともだつ
517. えき___ いきます。 A. を B. で C. が D. へ
518. 「月よう日」は なんようび ですか。 A. Tuesday B. Friday C. Monday D. Sunday
519. 「みずを のんでください」の いみ は どれですか。 A. Please drink water. B. I drink water every day. C. Do not drink water. D. I bought water.
520. 「ねこは いすの したに います」の いみ は どれですか。 A. The cat is on the chair. B. The cat is under the chair. C. The chair is on the cat. D. There is no cat.
521. 学校 の よみかた は どれですか。 A. がくこう B. がっこう C. がこう D. がっこ
522. ともだち___ あいました。 A. を B. が C. に D. へ
523. 500 は どれですか。 A. ごひゃく B. ごせん C. ごじゅう D. ごまん
524. 「つくえの うえに ほんが あります」の いみ は どれですか。 A. There is a book under the desk. B. There is a desk on the book. C. There is a book on the desk. D. There are no books.
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533. 「ここで しゃしんを とってもいいですか」の いみ は どれですか。 A. Please take this photo. B. May I take photos here? C. I took photos here. D. I cannot take photos here.
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541. 友達 の よみかた は どれですか。 A. ともだち B. ともたち C. ゆうだち D. ともだつ
542. えき___ いきます。 A. を B. で C. が D. へ
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567. えき___いきます。 A. を B. で C. が D. へ
568. 「月曜日」はなんようびですか。 A. Tuesday B. Friday C. Monday D. Sunday
569. 「みずをのんでください」のいみはどれですか。 A. Please drink water. B. I drink water every day. C. Do not drink water. D. I bought water.
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598. 500はどれですか。 A. ごひゃく B. ごせん C. ごじゅう D. ごまん
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JLPT N4 (Questions 601-700)

601. よむのて-formはどれですか。 A. よみて B. よめて C. よんて D. よんで
602. もし時間があれば、映画を___。 A. 見ます B. 見に行きます C. 見るでした D. 見えています
603. 「必要」のいみはどれですか。 A. reservation B. famous C. necessary D. early
604. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも___。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
605. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
606. たべるのたべない-formはどれですか。 A. たべない B. たべません C. たべなく D. たべぬ
607. 先生は学生にしづかにする___言いました。 A. の B. まで C. ように D. しか
608. 「～でもいい」はどんないみですか。 A. prohibition B. obligation C. permission D. regret
609. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも___。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
610. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
611. ここにすわって___。 A. ください B. あります C. います D. しまう
612. このかばんはあのかばん___軽いです。 A. まで B. より C. しか D. ほど
613. しゅみは写真を___ことです。 A. とる B. とって C. とった D. とらない
614. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも___。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
615. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
616. まだしゅくだいを___いません。 A. する B. して C. した D. し
617. 電車が遅れた___、会議に間に合いませんでした。 A. ので B. でも C. だけ D. しか
618. ドアが___います。 A. あけ B. あけて C. あいて D. あきる
619. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも___。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
620. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
621. レポートをあしたまでに___なければなりません。 A. 出し B. 出さ C. 出る D. 出て
622. 来週東京へ行く___です。 A. ところ B. 予定 C. あいだ D. とちゅう
623. このくすりをめば、よく___でしょう。 A. した B. いく C. なる D. みる

624. きのはつかれていたの、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
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636. ここに すわって ____。 A. ください B. あります C. います D. しまう
637. このかばんは あのかばん ____ 軽いです。 A. まで B. より C. しか D. ほど
638. しゅみは 写真を ____ ことです。 A. とる B. とって C. とった D. とらない
639. きのはつかれていたの、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
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641. まだ しゅくだいを ____ いません。 A. する B. して C. した D. し
642. 電車が 遅れた ____, 会議に間に合いませんでした。 A. ので B. でも C. だけ D. しか
643. ドアが ____ います。 A. あけ B. あけて C. あいて D. あきる
644. きのはつかれていたの、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
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646. レポートを あしたまでに ____ なければなりません。 A. 出し B. 出さ C. 出る D. 出て
647. 来週 東京へ 行く ____ です。 A. ところ B. 予定 C. あいだ D. とちゅう
648. このくすりを のめば、よく ____ でしょう。 A. した B. いく C. なる D. みる
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656. たべる の ない-form はどれですか。 A. たべない B. たべません C. たべなく D. たべぬ
657. 先生は学生に しづかにする ____ 言いました。 A. の B. まで C. ように D. しか
658. 「～でもいい」は どんないみ ですか。 A. prohibition B. obligation C. permission D. regret
659. きのはつかれていたの、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
660. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
661. ここに すわって ____。 A. ください B. あります C. います D. しまう
662. このかばんは あのかばん ____ 軽いです。 A. まで B. より C. しか D. ほど
663. しゅみは 写真を ____ ことです。 A. とる B. とって C. とった D. とらない
664. きのはつかれていたの、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
665. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
666. まだ しゅくだいを ____ いません。 A. する B. して C. した D. し
667. 電車が 遅れた ____, 会議に間に合いませんでした。 A. ので B. でも C. だけ D. しか
668. ドアが ____ います。 A. あけ B. あけて C. あいて D. あきる
669. きのはつかれていたの、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
670. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
671. レポートを あしたまでに ____ なければなりません。 A. 出し B. 出さ C. 出る D. 出て
672. 来週 東京へ 行く ____ です。 A. ところ B. 予定 C. あいだ D. とちゅう
673. このくすりを のめば、よく ____ でしょう。 A. した B. いく C. なる D. みる
674. きのはつかれていたの、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした

675. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
676. よむ のて-form はどれですか。 A. よみて B. よめて C. よんで D. よんで
677. もし時間があれば、映画を ____。 A. 見ました B. 見に行きます C. 見るでした D. 見えています
678. 「必要」の いみ はどれですか。 A. reservation B. famous C. necessary D. early
679. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
680. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
681. たべる のない-form はどれですか。 A. たべない B. たべません C. たべなく D. たべぬ
682. 先生は 学生に しづかにする ____ 言いました。 A. の B. まで C. ように D. しか
683. 「～でもいい」は どんないみ ですか。 A. prohibition B. obligation C. permission D. regret
684. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
685. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
686. ここに すわって ____。 A. ください B. あります C. います D. しまう
687. このかばんは あのかばん ____ 軽いです。 A. まで B. より C. しか D. ほど
688. しゅみは 写真を ____ ことです。 A. とる B. とって C. とった D. とらない
689. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
690. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
691. まだ しゅくだいを ____ いません。 A. する B. して C. した D. し
692. 電車が 遅れた ____, 会議に間に合いませんでした。 A. ので B. でも C. だけ D. しか
693. ドアが ____ います。 A. あけ B. あけて C. あいて D. あきる
694. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
695. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから
696. レポートを あしたまでに ____ なければなりません。 A. 出し B. 出さ C. 出る D. 出て
697. 来週 東京へ 行く ____ です。 A. ところ B. 予定 C. あいだ D. とちゅう
698. このくすりを のめば、よく ____ でしょう。 A. した B. いく C. なる D. みる
699. きのはつかれていたので、どこへも ____。 A. 行きます B. 行きません C. 行きました D. 行きませんでした
700. 今日は雨なので、いつもより早く家を出ました。なぜですか。 A. ねむいから B. 雨だから C. 休みだから D. 暑いから

JLPT N3 (Questions 701-800)

701. この店は安い ____, おいしいです。 A. でも B. ので C. し D. ほど
702. このボタンを押す ____, ドアが開きます。 A. まで B. と C. ほど D. しか
703. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
704. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
705. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
706. 彼は来ない ____ 思います。 A. を B. と C. に D. で
707. 電車の中では、電話を かけない ____ してください。 A. ために B. ようで C. はずで D. ように
708. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
709. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
710. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
711. 日本語が読める ____, 漢字を勉強しています。 A. ように B. そうに C. みたいに D. ためで
712. 彼は日本に10年住んでいるので、日本語が上手な ____。 A. もの B. せい C. わけだ D. ようだ
713. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
714. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
715. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
716. 忙しいので、今日は早く帰らせて ____。 A. います B. あります C. ください D. みます
717. 「売り上げ」の いみ はどれですか。 A. noise B. meeting C. sales D. station
718. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
719. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
720. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
721. 明日は試験だ。今夜は勉強する ____。 A. しかない B. ことにする C. ものだ D. ばかりだ
722. その映画は子ども ____ 大人にも人気があります。 A. だけでなく B. ばかりか C. ほど D. しか
723. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで

724. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
725. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
726. この店は安い ____、おいしいです。 A. でも B. ので C. し D. ほど
727. このボタンを押す ____、ドアが開きます。 A. まで B. と C. ほど D. しか
728. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
729. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
730. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
731. 彼は来ない ____ 思います。 A. を B. と C. に D. で
732. 電車の中では、電話を かけない ____ してください。 A. ために B. ようで C. はずで D. ように
733. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
734. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
735. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
736. 日本語が読める ____、漢字を勉強しています。 A. ように B. そうに C. みたいに D. ため
737. 彼は日本に10年住んでいるので、日本語が上手な ____。 A. もの B. せい C. わけだ D. ようだ
738. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
739. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
740. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
741. 忙しいので、今日は早く帰らせて ____。 A. います B. あります C. ください D. みます
742. 「売り上げ」の いみ は どれですか。 A. noise B. meeting C. sales D. station
743. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
744. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
745. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
746. 明日は試験だ。今夜は勉強する ____。 A. しかない B. ことにする C. ものだ D. ばかりだ
747. その映画は子ども ____ 大人にも人気があります。 A. だけでなく B. ばかりか C. ほど D. しか
748. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
749. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
750. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
751. この店は安い ____、おいしいです。 A. でも B. ので C. し D. ほど
752. このボタンを押す ____、ドアが開きます。 A. まで B. と C. ほど D. しか
753. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
754. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
755. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
756. 彼は来ない ____ 思います。 A. を B. と C. に D. で
757. 電車の中では、電話を かけない ____ してください。 A. ために B. ようで C. はずで D. ように
758. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
759. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
760. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
761. 日本語が読める ____、漢字を勉強しています。 A. ように B. そうに C. みたいに D. ため
762. 彼は日本に10年住んでいるので、日本語が上手な ____。 A. もの B. せい C. わけだ D. ようだ
763. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
764. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
765. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
766. 忙しいので、今日は早く帰らせて ____。 A. います B. あります C. ください D. みます
767. 「売り上げ」の いみ は どれですか。 A. noise B. meeting C. sales D. station
768. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
769. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
770. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
771. 明日は試験だ。今夜は勉強する ____。 A. しかない B. ことにする C. ものだ D. ばかりだ
772. その映画は子ども ____ 大人にも人気があります。 A. だけでなく B. ばかりか C. ほど D. しか
773. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
774. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____、便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに

775. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
776. この店は安い ____, おいしいです。 A. でも B. ので C. し D. ほど
777. このボタンを押す ____, ドアが開きます。 A. まで B. と C. ほど D. しか
778. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
779. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
780. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
781. 彼は来ない ____ 思います。 A. を B. と C. に D. で
782. 電車の中では、電話を かけない ____ してください。 A. ために B. ようで C. はずで D. ように
783. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
784. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
785. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
786. 日本語が読める ____, 漢字を勉強しています。 A. ように B. そうに C. みたいに D. ため
787. 彼は日本に10年住んでいるので、日本語が上手な ____。 A. もの B. せい C. わけだ D. ようだ
788. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
789. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
790. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
791. 忙しいので、今日は早く帰らせて ____。 A. います B. あります C. ください D. みます
792. 「売り上げ」の いみ は どれですか。 A. noise B. meeting C. sales D. station
793. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
794. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
795. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した
796. 明日は試験だ。今夜は勉強する ____。 A. しかない B. ことにする C. ものだ D. ばかりだ
797. その映画は子ども ____ 大人にも人気があります。 A. だけでなく B. ばかりか C. ほど D. しか
798. 雨なのに、彼はかさを ____ 出かけた。 A. 持って B. 持ちながら C. 持つので D. 持たないで
799. このアプリは、使い方が簡単な ____, 便利だ。 A. まで B. だけ C. ほど D. うえに
800. 会議は3時からの予定だったが、4時に ____。 A. 連絡した B. 変更された C. 出席した D. 案内した

JLPT N2 (Questions 801-900)

801. 彼の説明は分かりやすい ____, 少し長すぎる。 A. 一方で B. 反面 C. うえに D. だけに
802. この規則は、外国人に ____ 分かりにくい。 A. とって B. ついて C. おいて D. よって
803. この薬を飲んだ ____, すぐ治るわけではない。 A. わりに B. うえで C. からといって D. ばかりに
804. あの店は味 ____, サービスもいい。 A. だけ B. すら C. しか D. はもちろん
805. 明日の発表に備えて、もう一度資料を見直して ____。 A. おこう B. しまう C. ある D. みせる
806. 仕事が忙しくて、旅行どころ ____。 A. しかない B. にならない C. もある D. ではない
807. 会議は予定 ____ 進んでいます。 A. までに B. からして C. どおりに D. ほどに
808. この薬を飲んだ ____, すぐ治るわけではない。 A. わりに B. うえで C. からといって D. ばかりに
809. あの店は味 ____, サービスもいい。 A. だけ B. すら C. しか D. はもちろん
810. 明日の発表に備えて、もう一度資料を見直して ____。 A. おこう B. しまう C. ある D. みせる
811. この資料は後で使うから、捨てない ____。 A. こと B. もの C. ほど D. つもり
812. 電車が遅れた ____, 遅刻した。 A. せいで B. おかげで C. くせに D. ためらい
813. この薬を飲んだ ____, すぐ治るわけではない。 A. わりに B. うえで C. からといって D. ばかりに
814. あの店は味 ____, サービスもいい。 A. だけ B. すら C. しか D. はもちろん
815. 明日の発表に備えて、もう一度資料を見直して ____。 A. おこう B. しまう C. ある D. みせる
816. 締め切りに間に合わせる ____, 徹夜した。 A. ためか B. うちに C. ために D. わりに
817. 社長は会議中ですので、後ほどこちらから ____。 A. ご連絡いたします B. 連絡してくれる C. お連絡される D. 連絡になる
818. この薬を飲んだ ____, すぐ治るわけではない。 A. わりに B. うえで C. からといって D. ばかりに
819. あの店は味 ____, サービスもいい。 A. だけ B. すら C. しか D. はもちろん
820. 明日の発表に備えて、もう一度資料を見直して ____。 A. おこう B. しまう C. ある D. みせる
821. 失敗したからといって、あきらめる ____。 A. ものだ B. はずだ C. ことにする D. ことはない
822. 「配慮」の いみ は どれですか。 A. confusion B. consideration C. profit D. speed
823. この薬を飲んだ ____, すぐ治るわけではない。 A. わりに B. うえで C. からといって D. ばかりに

824. あの店は味 ____, サービスもいい。 A. だけ B. すら C. しか D. はもちろん
825. 明日の発表に備えて、もう一度資料を見直して ____. A. おこう B. しまう C. ある D. みせる
826. 彼の説明は分かりやすい ____, 少し長すぎる。 A. 一方で B. 反面 C. うえに D. だけに
827. この規則は、外国人に ____ 分かりにくい。 A. とって B. ついて C. おいて D. よって
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831. 仕事が忙しくて、旅行どころ ____. A. しかない B. にならない C. もある D. ではない
832. 会議は予定 ____ 進んでいます。 A. までに B. からして C. どおりに D. ほどに
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837. 電車が遅れた ____, 遅刻した。 A. せいで B. おかげで C. くせに D. ためらい
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JLPT N1 (Questions 901-1000)

901. 彼が責任を取る ____, 私たちも協力すべきだ。 A. ものの B. 以上 C. どころか D. までも
902. 「至らなかった」にもっとも近い いみ は どれですか。 A. was more than enough B. arrived early C. did not reach / was insufficient D. became stronger
903. 人手不足 ____, サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
904. 「合格して当然だ」の いいかえ としてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
905. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
906. この問題は一朝一夕に解決できる ____。 A. はずだ B. わけだ C. ことだ D. ものではない
907. その案は理想的ではあるが、実現性という点では疑問の余地がある。主旨はどれですか。 A. The idea is good but practicality is doubtful. B. The idea is impossible and useless. C. The idea is fully practical. D. There is no room for doubt.
908. 人手不足 ____, サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
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910. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
911. 政策の変更は、市場に少なからぬ影響を ____。 A. 交えた B. 及んだ C. 及ぼした D. 含んだ
912. 情報が錯綜しており、現時点では断定を ____。 A. 見合わせる B. かまわない C. 差し控える D. 成り立てる
913. 人手不足 ____, サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
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916. その結論は、十分な検証を経た ____ 言い難い。 A. にせよ B. とは C. ものを D. なり
917. その発言は誤解を招きかねない。もっとも近い意味はどれですか。 A. will surely confuse nobody B. must be corrected immediately C. is already misunderstood by all D. may lead to misunderstanding
918. 人手不足 ____, サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって

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921. 今回の失敗は、準備不足 ____。 A. にしたがって B. にほかならない C. をものともせず D. にあたって
922. 企業は利益追求のみならず、社会的責任を果たすべきだ。文の意味として最も近いものはどれですか。 A. Only profit matters. B. Not only profit but also social responsibility matters. C. Social responsibility is optional. D. Profit and responsibility cannot coexist.
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965. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
966. その結論は、十分な検証を経た ____ 言い難い。 A. にせよ B. とは C. ものを D. なり
967. その発言は誤解を招きかねない。もっとも近い意味はどれですか。 A. will surely confuse nobody B. must be corrected immediately C. is already misunderstood by all D. may lead to misunderstanding
968. 人手不足 ____、サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
969. 「合格して当然だ」のいいかえとしてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
970. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
971. 今回の失敗は、準備不足 ____。 A. にしたがって B. にほかならない C. をものともせず D. にあたって
972. 企業は利益追求のみならず、社会的責任を果たすべきだ。文の意味として最も近いものはどれですか。 A. Only profit matters. B. Not only profit but also social responsibility matters. C. Social responsibility is optional. D. Profit and responsibility cannot coexist.
973. 人手不足 ____、サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
974. 「合格して当然だ」のいいかえとしてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
975. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
976. 彼が責任を取る ____、私たちも協力すべきだ。 A. ものの B. 以上 C. どころか D. までも
977. 「至らなかった」にもっとも近いみはどれですか。 A. was more than enough B. arrived early C. did not reach / was insufficient D. became stronger
978. 人手不足 ____、サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
979. 「合格して当然だ」のいいかえとしてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
980. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
981. この問題は一朝一夕に解決できる ____。 A. はずだ B. わけだ C. ことだ D. ものではない
982. その案は理想的ではあるが、実現性という点では疑問の余地がある。主旨はどれですか。 A. The idea is good but practicality is doubtful. B. The idea is impossible and useless. C. The idea is fully practical. D. There is no room for doubt.
983. 人手不足 ____、サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
984. 「合格して当然だ」のいいかえとしてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
985. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
986. 政策の変更は、市場に少なからぬ影響を ____。 A. 交えた B. 及んだ C. 及ぼした D. 含んだ
987. 情報が錯綜しており、現時点では断定を ____。 A. 見合わせる B. かまわない C. 差し控える D. 成り立てる
988. 人手不足 ____、サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
989. 「合格して当然だ」のいいかえとしてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
990. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
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992. その発言は誤解を招きかねない。もっとも近い意味はどれですか。 A. will surely confuse nobody B. must be corrected immediately C. is already misunderstood by all D. may lead to misunderstanding

993. 人手不足 ____、サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
994. 「合格して当然だ」のいいかえとしてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
995. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから
996. 今回の失敗は、準備不足 ____。 A. にしたがって B. にほかならない C. をものともせず D. にあたって
997. 企業は利益追求のみならず、社会的責任を果たすべきだ。文の意味として最も近いものはどれですか。 A. Only profit matters. B. Not only profit but also social responsibility matters. C. Social responsibility is optional. D. Profit and responsibility cannot coexist.
998. 人手不足 ____、サービス品質の維持が課題となっている。 A. に先立ち B. に即して C. を背景に D. をめぐって
999. 「合格して当然だ」のいいかえとしてもっとも近いものはどれですか。 A. 合格しても不思議ではない B. 合格するはずがない C. 合格したかどうか不明だ D. 合格したくない
1000. その研究は、従来の通説を覆す ____ 内容だった。 A. ほどの B. ものの C. かたわら D. そばから

Answer Key

IELTS Listening Key (1-125)

1:A 2:B 3:B 4:B 5:A 6:A 7:B 8:B 9:B 10:A 11:A 12:B 13:B 14:B 15:A 16:A 17:B 18:B 19:B 20:A 21:A 22:B 23:B 24:B 25:A
26:A 27:B 28:B 29:B 30:A 31:A 32:B 33:B 34:B 35:A 36:A 37:B 38:B 39:B 40:A 41:A 42:B 43:B 44:B 45:A 46:A 47:B 48:B 49:B
50:A
51:A 52:B 53:B 54:B 55:A 56:A 57:B 58:B 59:B 60:A 61:A 62:B 63:B 64:B 65:A 66:A 67:B 68:B 69:B 70:A 71:A 72:B 73:B 74:B
75:A
76:A 77:B 78:B 79:B 80:A 81:A 82:B 83:B 84:B 85:A 86:A 87:B 88:B 89:B 90:A 91:A 92:B 93:B 94:B 95:A 96:A 97:B 98:B 99:B
100:A
101:A 102:B 103:B 104:B 105:A 106:A 107:B 108:B 109:B 110:A 111:A 112:B 113:B 114:B 115:A 116:A 117:B 118:B 119:B
120:A 121:A 122:B 123:B 124:B 125:A

IELTS Reading Key (126-250)

126:B 127:B 128:B 129:A 130:B 131:B 132:B 133:B 134:A 135:B 136:B 137:B 138:B 139:A 140:B 141:B 142:A 143:B 144:A
145:B 146:B 147:C 148:B 149:A 150:B
151:B 152:B 153:B 154:A 155:B 156:B 157:B 158:B 159:A 160:B 161:B 162:B 163:B 164:A 165:B 166:B 167:A 168:B 169:A
170:B 171:B 172:C 173:B 174:A 175:B
176:B 177:B 178:B 179:A 180:B 181:B 182:B 183:B 184:A 185:B 186:B 187:B 188:B 189:A 190:B 191:B 192:A 193:B 194:A
195:B 196:B 197:C 198:B 199:A 200:B
201:B 202:B 203:B 204:A 205:B 206:B 207:B 208:B 209:A 210:B 211:B 212:B 213:B 214:A 215:B 216:B 217:A 218:B 219:A
220:B 221:B 222:C 223:B 224:A 225:B
226:B 227:B 228:B 229:A 230:B 231:B 232:B 233:B 234:A 235:B 236:B 237:B 238:B 239:A 240:B 241:B 242:A 243:B 244:A
245:B 246:B 247:C 248:B 249:A 250:B

IELTS Writing Key (251-375)

251:B 252:B 253:B 254:B 255:A 256:B 257:B 258:B 259:B 260:A 261:B 262:B 263:B 264:B 265:A 266:B 267:B 268:B 269:B
270:A 271:B 272:B 273:B 274:B 275:A
276:B 277:B 278:B 279:B 280:A 281:B 282:B 283:B 284:B 285:A 286:B 287:B 288:B 289:B 290:A 291:B 292:B 293:B 294:B
295:A 296:B 297:B 298:B 299:B 300:A
301:B 302:B 303:B 304:B 305:A 306:B 307:B 308:B 309:B 310:A 311:B 312:B 313:B 314:B 315:A 316:B 317:B 318:B 319:B
320:A 321:B 322:B 323:B 324:B 325:A
326:B 327:B 328:B 329:B 330:A 331:B 332:B 333:B 334:B 335:A 336:B 337:B 338:B 339:B 340:A 341:B 342:B 343:B 344:B
345:A 346:B 347:B 348:B 349:B 350:A
351:B 352:B 353:B 354:B 355:A 356:B 357:B 358:B 359:B 360:A 361:B 362:B 363:B 364:B 365:A 366:B 367:B 368:B 369:B
370:A 371:B 372:B 373:B 374:B 375:A

IELTS Speaking Key (376-500)

376:B 377:B 378:A 379:B 380:B 381:B 382:B 383:A 384:B 385:B 386:B 387:B 388:A 389:B 390:B 391:B 392:B 393:A 394:B
395:B 396:B 397:B 398:A 399:B 400:B

401:B 402:B 403:A 404:B 405:B 406:B 407:B 408:A 409:B 410:B 411:B 412:B 413:A 414:B 415:B 416:B 417:B 418:A 419:B
420:B 421:B 422:B 423:A 424:B 425:B
426:B 427:B 428:A 429:B 430:B 431:B 432:B 433:A 434:B 435:B 436:B 437:B 438:A 439:B 440:B 441:B 442:B 443:A 444:B
445:B 446:B 447:B 448:A 449:B 450:B
451:B 452:B 453:A 454:B 455:B 456:B 457:B 458:A 459:B 460:B 461:B 462:B 463:A 464:B 465:B 466:B 467:B 468:A 469:B
470:B 471:B 472:B 473:A 474:B 475:B
476:B 477:B 478:A 479:B 480:B 481:B 482:B 483:A 484:B 485:B 486:B 487:B 488:A 489:B 490:B 491:B 492:B 493:A 494:B
495:B 496:B 497:B 498:A 499:B 500:B

JLPT N5 Key (501-600)

501:B 502:C 503:B 504:A 505:B 506:C 507:B 508:B 509:C 510:B 511:A 512:A 513:B 514:A 515:B 516:A 517:D 518:C 519:A
520:B 521:B 522:C 523:A 524:C 525:B
526:B 527:C 528:B 529:A 530:B 531:C 532:B 533:B 534:C 535:B 536:A 537:A 538:B 539:A 540:B 541:A 542:D 543:C 544:A
545:B 546:B 547:C 548:A 549:C 550:B
551:B 552:C 553:B 554:A 555:B 556:C 557:B 558:B 559:C 560:B 561:A 562:A 563:B 564:A 565:B 566:A 567:D 568:C 569:A
570:B 571:B 572:C 573:A 574:C 575:B
576:B 577:C 578:B 579:A 580:B 581:C 582:B 583:B 584:C 585:B 586:A 587:A 588:B 589:A 590:B 591:A 592:D 593:C 594:A
595:B 596:B 597:C 598:A 599:C 600:B

JLPT N4 Key (601-700)

601:D 602:B 603:C 604:D 605:B 606:A 607:C 608:C 609:D 610:B 611:A 612:B 613:A 614:D 615:B 616:B 617:A 618:C 619:D
620:B 621:B 622:B 623:C 624:D 625:B
626:D 627:B 628:C 629:D 630:B 631:A 632:C 633:C 634:D 635:B 636:A 637:B 638:A 639:D 640:B 641:B 642:A 643:C 644:D
645:B 646:B 647:B 648:C 649:D 650:B
651:D 652:B 653:C 654:D 655:B 656:A 657:C 658:C 659:D 660:B 661:A 662:B 663:A 664:D 665:B 666:B 667:A 668:C 669:D
670:B 671:B 672:B 673:C 674:D 675:B
676:D 677:B 678:C 679:D 680:B 681:A 682:C 683:C 684:D 685:B 686:A 687:B 688:A 689:D 690:B 691:B 692:A 693:C 694:D
695:B 696:B 697:B 698:C 699:D 700:B

JLPT N3 Key (701-800)

701:C 702:B 703:D 704:D 705:B 706:B 707:D 708:D 709:D 710:B 711:A 712:C 713:D 714:D 715:B 716:C 717:C 718:D 719:D
720:B 721:A 722:A 723:D 724:D 725:B
726:C 727:B 728:D 729:D 730:B 731:B 732:D 733:D 734:D 735:B 736:A 737:C 738:D 739:D 740:B 741:C 742:C 743:D 744:D
745:B 746:A 747:A 748:D 749:D 750:B
751:C 752:B 753:D 754:D 755:B 756:B 757:D 758:D 759:D 760:B 761:A 762:C 763:D 764:D 765:B 766:C 767:C 768:D 769:D
770:B 771:A 772:A 773:D 774:D 775:B
776:C 777:B 778:D 779:D 780:B 781:B 782:D 783:D 784:D 785:B 786:A 787:C 788:D 789:D 790:B 791:C 792:C 793:D 794:D
795:B 796:A 797:A 798:D 799:D 800:B

JLPT N2 Key (801-900)

801:B 802:A 803:C 804:D 805:A 806:D 807:C 808:C 809:D 810:A 811:A 812:A 813:C 814:D 815:A 816:C 817:A 818:C 819:D
820:A 821:D 822:B 823:C 824:D 825:A
826:B 827:A 828:C 829:D 830:A 831:D 832:C 833:C 834:D 835:A 836:A 837:A 838:C 839:D 840:A 841:C 842:A 843:C 844:D
845:A 846:D 847:B 848:C 849:D 850:A
851:B 852:A 853:C 854:D 855:A 856:D 857:C 858:C 859:D 860:A 861:A 862:A 863:C 864:D 865:A 866:C 867:A 868:C 869:D
870:A 871:D 872:B 873:C 874:D 875:A
876:B 877:A 878:C 879:D 880:A 881:D 882:C 883:C 884:D 885:A 886:A 887:A 888:C 889:D 890:A 891:C 892:A 893:C 894:D
895:A 896:D 897:B 898:C 899:D 900:A

JLPT N1 Key (901-1000)

901:B 902:C 903:C 904:A 905:A 906:D 907:A 908:C 909:A 910:A 911:C 912:C 913:C 914:A 915:A 916:B 917:D 918:C 919:A
920:A 921:B 922:B 923:C 924:A 925:A
926:B 927:C 928:C 929:A 930:A 931:D 932:A 933:C 934:A 935:A 936:C 937:C 938:C 939:A 940:A 941:B 942:D 943:C 944:A
945:A 946:B 947:B 948:C 949:A 950:A

951:B 952:C 953:C 954:A 955:A 956:D 957:A 958:C 959:A 960:A 961:C 962:C 963:C 964:A 965:A 966:B 967:D 968:C 969:A
970:A 971:B 972:B 973:C 974:A 975:A
976:B 977:C 978:C 979:A 980:A 981:D 982:A 983:C 984:A 985:A 986:C 987:C 988:C 989:A 990:A 991:B 992:D 993:C 994:A
995:A 996:B 997:B 998:C 999:A 1000:A

How to Use This Pack

- Do 20-40 questions per day instead of trying to finish everything at once.
- Mark each mistake by cause: vocabulary, grammar, timing, or prompt misunderstanding.
- Redo wrong questions after 2 days and again after 7 days.
- For IELTS, pair objective questions with active writing and speaking practice.
- For JLPT, review missed grammar patterns and kanji groups together.